## 2016-09-10

Beginning with version 10.3.9, Commander responds to directives conveyed via TCP/IP messages.

## TCP/IP Port

DXLab applications that respond to directives conveyed via TCP/IP messages utilize a block of adjacent ports. By default, port 52000 is the base of this block. DXKeeper responds to messages received via the second port in the block (default: 52001); Commander responds to messages received via the third port in the block (default:52002).

To specify a different block of ports,

- 1. Click the Net Serv button in the Radio panel on Commander's Configuration window
- In the Network Service window that appears, specify the Base Port of the desired block of ports, and click the Restart button

## **Message Format**

Messages are conveyed using ADIF field syntax, e.g.

<FieldName:FieldLength>FieldValue

Every message specifies two fields: the first conveying a command, and the second conveying all parameters

<CommandField><ParameterFields>

<Parameterfields> conveys 0 or more parameters.

Parameters are also conveyed using ADIF field syntax, e.g.

```
<parameters:33><xcvrfreq:5>14080<xcvrmode:4>RTTY
```

but frequencies are conveyed using the locally-defined decimal separator.

## Messages accepted by Commander

1. Set RX frequency and mode in a manner that works with all supported xcvrs, e.g.

Valid modes are (AM, CW, CW-R, DATA-L, DATA-U, FM, LSB, USB, RTTY, RTTY-R, WBFM)

servesplitanddual:1>N
means reset Split and reset Dual

(default if preservesplitanddual:1> is not present)

servesplitanddual:1>Y
means leave Split and Dual unchanged

Commander's QSXMode state variable is set to the specified mode

2. Set TX frequency and set Split and set Dual in a manner that works with all supported xcvrs, e.g.

 $\verb| <command:11>CmdQSXSplit<parameters:57><xcvrfreq:5>14085<SuppressDual:1>N<SuppressModeChange:1>N | |$ 

<SuppressDual:1>N means set Dual if the transceiver supports it and Commander is configured to accept "Dual Rcv
On"

<SuppressDual:1>Y means don't set Dual

<SuppressModeChange:1>N means set the TX Mode to the mode specified by Commander's QSXMode state variable (default if <SuppressModeChange:1> is not present

<SuppressModeChange:1>Y means leave the TX Mode unchanged

3. Set RX frequency, e.g.

<command:10>CmdSetFreq<parameters:17><xcvrfreq:5>21230

The currently-selected VFO's frequency is set to the specified value.

4. Set TX frequency, e.g.

```
<command:12>CmdSetTXFreq<parameters:17><xcvrfreq:5>21231
```

If split is disabled, the currently-selected VFO's frequency is set to the specified value. If split is enabled, the not-currently-selected VFO's frequency is set to the specified value.

5. Set Mode, e.g.

<command:10>CmdSetMode<parameters:7><1:2>CW

Valid modes are (AM, CW, CW-R, DATA-L, DATA-U, FM, LSB, USB, RTTY, RTTY-R, WBFM)

6. Set Split, e.g.

```
<command:8>CmdSplit<parameters:7><1:2>on
<command:8>CmdSplit<parameters:8><1:3>off
```

7. Select VFO, e.g.

```
<command:12>CmdSelectVFO<parameters:6><1:1>0
<command:12>CmdSelectVFO<parameters:6><1:1>1
```

0 selects VFO A or the Main VFO

1 selects VFO B or the Sub VFO

Not all transceivers respond to this directive.

8. Transmit, e.g.

<command:5>CmdTX<parameters:0>

9. Receive, e.g.

<command:5>CmdRX<parameters:0>

10. Report RX frequency using comma and period as thousands and decimal separator characters respectively, e.g.

<command:10>CmdGetFreq<parameters:0>

returns a single field in ADIF syntax specifying the RX frequency in kilohertz, e.g.

<CmdFreq:10>14,010.500

If the transceiver is not split, the RX frequency is also the TX frequency.

If the transceiver has not reported its RX frequency, the response will be

<CmdFreq:4>.000

11. Report TX frequency using comma and period as thousands and decimal separator characters respectively, e.g.

<command:12>CmdGetTXFreq<parameters:0>

returns a single field in ADIF syntax specifying the TX frequency in kilohertz, e.g.

<CmdTXFreq:10>14,011.500

If the transceiver is not split, the RX frequency is also the TX frequency.

If the transceiver has not reported its TX frequency, the response will be

<CmdTXFreq:4>.000

12. Report RX frequency using the current locale's thousands and decimal separator characters, e.g.

<command:11>CmdSendFreq<parameters:0>

returns a single field in ADIF syntax specifying the RX frequency in kilohertz, e.g.

<CmdFreq:10>14,010.500

If the transceiver is not split, the RX frequency is also the TX frequency.

If the transceiver has not reported its RX frequency, the response will be

<CmdFreq:4>.000

13. Report TX frequency using the current locale's thousands and decimal separator characters, e.g. <command:13>CmdSendTXFreq<parameters:0> returns a single field in ADIF syntax specifying the TX frequency in kilohertz, e.g. <CmdTXFreq:10>14,011.500 If the transceiver is not split, the RX frequency is also the TX frequency. If the transceiver has not reported its TX frequency, the response will be <CmdTXFreq:4>.000 14. Report mode, e.g. <command:11>CmdSendMode<parameters:0> returns a single field in ADIF syntax specifying the radio's mode, e.g. <CmdMode:2>CW Valid modes are (AM, CW, CW-R, DATA-L, DATA-U, FM, LSB, USB, RTTY, RTTY-R, WBFM) If the transceiver has not reported its mode, the response will be <CmdMode:0> 15. Report split, e.g. <command:12>CmdSendSplit<parameters:0> returns a single field in ADIF syntax specifying the state of the transceiver's split, e.g. <CmdSplit:3>OFF or <CmdSplit:2>ON 16. Report transmit status, e.g. <command:9>CmdSendTX<parameters:0> returns a single field in ADIF syntax specifying whether the transceiver is transmitting, e.g. <CmdTX:3>OFF or <CmdTX:2>ON Not all transceivers respond to this directive.

<command:11>CmdSyncIcom<parameters:0>

17. Direct an Icom transceiver to synchronize its transceiver frequencies